### CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Six months ended May 31, 2018

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited financial statements for the circumstate and a Mary 21, 2018 and 2017.
statements for the six months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## May 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

### (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Current Cash Marketable securities Receivables Prepaid expenses	\$ 168,054 178,850 8,518	\$ 1,113,645 371,521
Current Cash Marketable securities Receivables Prepaid expenses	178,850	371,521
Marketable securities Receivables Prepaid expenses	178,850	371,521
Receivables Prepaid expenses	· ·	
Prepaid expenses	8,518	400==
		12,377
	23,468	37,585
Reclamation bonds	366,768	25,918
	745,658	1,561,046
Equipment	7,241	12,856
Investment in Argentina associate – Note 5	1,432,702	1,432,702
Resource property costs – Note 6, and Schedule	2,559,046	2,288,982
	<u>\$ 4,744,647</u>	\$ 5,295,586
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current	Φ 50.551	Φ 100 650
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 58,551	\$ 123,653
Due to related parties – Note 8	76,169	
	134,720	123,653
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital – Note 7	27,963,427	27,876,890
Contributed surplus – Note 7	3,063,878	3,030,553
Accumulated deficit	(26,417,378)	(25,735,510)
	4,609,927	5,171,933
	<u>\$ 4,744,647</u>	<u>\$ 5,295,586</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

"Catherine Hickson"

Director

Approved on behalf of the Board:

"Brian Findlay"

Director

### CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

## For the three and six months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

### (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Three months ended May 31,			Six months ended May 31,				
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Expenses								
Accounting and audit fees	\$	5,645	\$	9,230	\$	13,700	\$	27,230
Administration fees – Note 8		21,000		21,000		42,000		42,000
Bank charges and interest		305		374		843		1,068
Consulting fees – Note 8		41,000		18,000		70,531		35,000
Depreciation		2,808		2,575		5,615		5,150
Foreign exchange (recovery)		(12,841)		9,102		3,828		6,707
Legal fees		11,737		94,453		20,579		131,716
Listing, filing and transfer agent fees		18,726		8,972		28,925		19,077
Marketing		25,466		3,411		64,196		59,701
Office administration and general		12,984		13,269		24,479		24,740
Rent – Note 7		13,237		13,237		26,474		26,474
Share-based compensation – Notes 7 and 8		-		-		49,542		-
Travel, conferences and promotion		46,133		14,796		64,230		44,426
Wages and benefits – Note 8		37,425		29,728		74,255		63,084
Loss before other item		(223,625)		(238,147)		(489,197)		(486,373)
Other item:								
Interest income		-		912		-		912
Unrealized (loss)/gain on marketable securities		(118,558)	-	(46,058)		(192,671)		(26,346)
		(118,558)		(45,146)		(192,671)		(25,434)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(342,183)	\$	(283,293)	\$	(681,868)	\$	(511,807)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.00)	<u>\$</u>	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	_1	49,524,003	_	136,232,486	_14	19,430,022	_1	35,763,606

## DAJIN RESOURCES CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

## For the six months ended May 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Commo Issued <u>Shares</u> (Note 7)	on St	tock <u>Amount</u>	(	Contributed <u>Surplus</u>	A	Accumulated <u>Deficit</u>		<u>Total</u>
Balance, November 30, 2016	135,085,508	\$	26,138,442	\$	3,230,911	\$	(24,903,522)	\$	4,465,831
Shares issued for cash:  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.05  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.06  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.07  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.10  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.14	1,700,000 700,000 100,000 250,000 252,000		85,000 42,000 7,000 25,000 35,280		- - - -		- - - -		85,000 42,000 7,000 25,000 35,280
On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 Allocation of options exercised Net loss for the period	97,000		15,520 139,327	_	(139,327)		(511,807)		15,520 - (511,807)
Balance, May 31, 2017	138,184,508		26,487,569		3,091,584		(25,415,329)		4,163,824
Shares issued for cash:  On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.05 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.10 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.14 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 On exercise of share purchase warrants - \$0.13 Allocation of options exercised Net loss for the period	800,000 225,000 125,000 79,000 9,505,000		40,000 22,500 17,500 12,640 1,235,650 61,031		- - - - (61,031)		- - - - - (320,181)		40,000 22,500 17,500 12,640 1,235,650 (320,181)
Balance, November 30, 2017	148,918,508		27,876,890		3,030,553		(25,735,510)		5,171,933
On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.06 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.07 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 On exercise of share purchase warrants - \$0.13 Allocation of options exercised Fair market value of stock based compensation Net loss for the period	150,000 50,000 77,000 350,000		9,000 3,500 12,320 45,500 16,217		(16,217) 49,542		- - - - - - (681,868)	_	9,000 3,500 12,320 45,500 - 49,542 (681,868)
Balance, May 31, 2018	149,545,508	\$	27,963,427	\$	3,063,878	\$	(26,417,378)	\$	4,609,927

## DAJIN RESOURCES CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## For the six months ended May 31. 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

### (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating Activities			
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(681,868)	\$ (511,807)
Add items not affecting cash:			
Depreciation		5,615	5,150
Share based compensation		49,542	-
Unrealized foreign exchange		(9,262)	2,297
Unrealized loss/(gain) on marketable securities		192,671	26,346
Net change in non-cash working capital:			
GST receivable		3,859	4,614
Prepaid expenses		14,117	(5,810)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(45,569)	(32,013)
Amount due from (to) related parties		85,824	 (20,809)
		(385,071)	 (532,032)
Financing Activity			
Proceeds from issuance of common shares		70,320	209,800
	-	70,320	 209,800
Investing Activities			
Purchase of marketable securities		-	(500,000)
Resource property additions, net		(288,882)	(456,721)
Reclamation bonds		(341,958)	 15,000
		(630,840)	 (941,721)
Decrease in cash during the period		(945,591)	(1,263,953)
		1 110 -1-	4 400 54=
Cash, beginning of the period		1,113,645	 1,400,647
Cash, end of the period	\$	168,054	\$ 136,694

## CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF RESOURCE PROPERTY COSTS For the six months ended May 31, 2018 and for the year ended November 30, 2017

### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Canada Cowtrail	USA <u>Nevada</u>	
Acquisition costs			
Balance November 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ 388,073	\$ 388,073
Staking and filing fees		32,226	32,226
Balance November 30, 2017	-	420,299	420,299
Staking and filing fees	<del>_</del>	13,377	13,377
Balance May 31, 2018	<del>_</del>	433,676	433,676
Deferred exploration and development costs			
Balance, November 30, 2016	1	1,322,094	1,322,095
Assays	-	6,695	6,695
Exploration	-	(155)	(155)
Geological consulting (Note 8)	-	323,021	323,021
Mapping	-	18,212	18,212
Permit	-	159,573	159,573
Reports	-	25,633	25,633
Supplies and miscellaneous	-	16	16
Travel and accommodation	-	13,217	13,217
Truck rental		376	376
Balance, November 30, 2017	1	1,868,682	1,868,683
D .II.		20.077	20.077
Drilling  Geological acquating (note 8)	-	39,876	39,876
Geological consulting (note 8)	-	212,158	212,158
Mapping	-	3,005	3,005
Reports	-	153	153
Travel and accommodation	<del>_</del>	1,495	1,495
As at May 31, 2018	<u>\$</u> 1	\$ 2,125,369	\$ 2,125,370
Total resource property costs			
As at November 30, 2017	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 2,288,981	\$ 2,288,982
As at May 31, 2018	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 2,559,045	\$ 2,559,046

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 1 Nature of Operations

Dajin Resources Corp. (the "Company") is an exploration stage company incorporated under the British Columbia Company Act on August 5, 1987 and is publically traded on the TSX Venture Exchange.

The Company's principal business activities include acquiring and developing mineral properties. At May 31, 2018, the Company's principal mineral interests are located in Argentina and the United States and it has not yet been determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for resource property costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of the resource properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 450 - 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2.

#### Note 2 Basis of Preparation

#### Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required to be included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 30, 2018.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 2 <u>Basis of Preparation</u> – (cont'd)

#### Going Concern

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company was not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. As at May 31, 2018, the Company had not advanced its resource properties to commercial production and has not achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$26,417,378 since inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon successful results from its exploration and evaluation activities, its ability to attain profitable operations to generate funds and/or its ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet its current and future obligations. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

#### **Basis of Measurement**

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods. See note 4 for use of estimates and judgments made by management in the application of IFRS.

#### Note 3 Significant Accounting Policies

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

The Company's significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3 to the annual financial statements and these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 3 <u>Significant Accounting Policies</u> (cont'd)

#### Accounting standards issued but not yet applied

The following new standards and interpretations are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impacts of these new standards; however, the Company does not expect them to have a significant effect on the financial statements.

• IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (tentatively effective January 1, 2018) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, and will replace IAS 39. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple classification options available in IAS 39.

#### Note 4 <u>Use of Estimates and Judgments</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Information about critical judgments and estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### i) Resource property expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for resource property expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the statement of comprehensive loss in the period the new information becomes available.

#### ii) Impairment

At each reporting period, assets, specifically resource property costs are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts. The assessment of the carrying amount often requires estimates and assumptions such as discount rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, future capital requirements and future operating performance.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 4 Use of Estimates and Judgments – (cont'd)

#### iii) Going concern

The Company uses judgment in determining its ability to continue as a going concern in order to discharge its current liabilities via raising additional financing.

#### iv) Investment in Argentina associate

The accounting for investments in other companies can vary depending on the degree of control and influence over those other companies. Management is required to asses at each reporting date the Company's control and influence over these other companies. Management has used its judgment to determine which companies are controlled and require consolidation and those which are significantly influenced and require equity accounting. The Company has diluted its interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary Dajin Resources S.A. and has concluded that because it does not have the current ability to control the key operating activities of Dajin Resources S.A.; therefore, it does not have control and should account for it as an equity investment (Note 5).

#### v) Share-based compensation transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 7.

#### Note 5 <u>Investment in Argentina Associate</u>

On October 25, 2016, the Company completed a share purchase agreement with Lithium S Holdings Corporation ("Lithium S"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of LSC Lithium Corporation ("LSC"), whereby Lithium S acquired, and can maintain, a 51% interest in Dajin Resources S.A. by making a cash payment of \$1,000,000 (\$865,000 received by the Company net of applicable Argentine tax of 13.5% on the gross proceeds) and agreeing to expend a total of \$2,000,000 on concessions held by Dajin Resources S.A by the earlier of; (a) the date of delivery of the funding completion certificate; (b) forty-eight months following the date of the agreement; or (c) twenty-four months after Dajin Resources S.A. has obtained all the necessary permits allowing access and development of onsite activities in order to start exploration work in one or more of the relevant mining rights which covers over 2,000 adjacent hectares.

If Lithium S fails to incur the expenditure requirement by the expiry date Lithium S shall have the option at any time and not later than the expiry date, to pay any shortfall in cash to the Company. If Lithium S fails to complete the full expenditure requirement by the expiry date, the capital stock of Dajin Resources S.A. will be adjusted in such a manner that for each funding shortfall of \$58,824, the Company is re-conveyed with and recovers 1% of the capital stock of Dajin Resources S.A. Lithium S was appointed Operator for the earn-in period.

### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 5 Investment in Argentina Associate – (cont'd)

Dajin Resources S.A. is not expected to generate any profit or loss while Lithium S is completing its expenditure requirement, and accordingly the Company's equity investment in it is expected to remain unchanged during that period. The Company's loss of current legal control of Dajin Resources S.A. precludes consolidation of the underlying accounts of that company under IFRS. However, its maintenance of an expandable beneficial interest in this entity has caused management to conclude that effectively carrying the aggregate investment at historical cost, with any proceeds received reported as cost recoveries, is a conservative and fair accounting presentation.

The costs applicable to this investment are directly reflective of actual historical exploration and evaluation expenses incurred and previously reported by the Company in respect to the property interests controlled by Dajin Resources S.A. Accordingly, the Company applies the impairment factors applicable to such costs in its assessment of the investment's current carrying value.

As at May 31, 2018, and November 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the investment in Argentina associate was \$1,432,702.

#### Note 6 Resource Property Costs

#### (a) Cowtrail Property

The Company holds a 65% joint venture interest in the Cowtrail Mineral Property, consisting of 34 mineral claims located in the Cariboo Mining District of south central British Columbia.

#### (b) Nevada Properties

The Company acquired by staking a 100% interest in 403 placer claims covering an area of 3,202 hectares (7,914 acres) in the Teels Marsh basin of Mineral County, Nevada.

The Company acquired by staking a 100% interest in 278 placer claims covering an area of 2,262 hectares (5,591 acres) in the Alkali Lake basin of Esmeralda County, Nevada.

The Company's interest in these mineral claims is held in a wholly-owned US subsidiary, Dajin Resources (US) Corp.

During the six months ended May 31, 2018, the Company was refunded \$16,783 (USD\$13,194) of reclamation bonds relating to other Nevada properties and also purchased a new reclamation bond for the Teels Marsh project in the amount of \$366,768 (USD\$288,341).

#### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 7 Share Capital

#### Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value Unlimited preferred shares without par value

#### Nature and Purpose of Equity and Reserves:

The reserves recorded in equity on the Company's Statement of Financial Position include 'Contributed Surplus', and 'Accumulated Deficit'.

'Contributed Surplus' is used to recognize the value of stock option grants prior to exercise.

'Accumulated Deficit' is used to record the Company's change in deficit from earnings from year to year.

#### Commitments:

#### Share-Based Compensation Plan

The Company has granted employees and directors common share purchase options. These options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock on the date of the grant.

A summary of the status of the stock option plan as of May 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 and changes during the period then ended on those dates is presented below:

	May 31, 2018		November	30, 2017
	Weighted			Weighted
		Average		Average
		Exercise		Exercise
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Price</u>
Outstanding at beginning of period	8,669,000	\$0.12	15,602,000	\$0.11
Expired	-		(2,605,000)	\$0.15
Granted	950,000	\$0.16	-	-
Exercised	(277,000)	\$0.08	(4,328,000)	\$0.07
Options outstanding at end of				
the period	9,342,000	\$0.12	<u>8,669,000</u>	\$0.12
Options exercisable at end of				
the period	9,342,000	\$0.12	<u>8,669,000</u>	\$0.12
Weighted remaining life in years		<u>2.22</u>		<u>2.96</u>

### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Commitments: - (cont'd)

Share-Based Compensation Plan – (cont'd)

At May 31, 2018, the Company has 9,342,000 share purchase options outstanding entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each option held as follows:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,600,000	\$0.05	June 20, 2019
1,150,000	\$0.05	December 23, 2019
50,000	\$0.05	January 2, 2020
100,000	\$0.06	April 1, 2020
50,000	\$0.07	August 25, 2020
2,125,000	\$0.14	April 4, 2021
950,000	\$0.16	December 15, 2020
1,667,000	\$0.16	July 15, 2021
1,650,000	\$0.16	Oct 20, 2021
9,342,000		

On December 5, 2017, the Company granted 950,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.16 per share expiring on December 15, 2020. These stock options vest at the date of grant.

Subsequent to May 31, 2018, 2,750,000 share purchase options were exercised for total proceeds of \$137,500 and granted 500,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.10 per share expiring on June 25, 2020. These stock options vest at the date of grant.

The Company employed the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following assumptions.

	May 31,	November 30,
	2018	2017
Risk free interest rate	1.71%	-
Expected life of options in years	3 years	-
Expected volatility	77.87%	-
Dividend per share	\$0.00	-
Forfeiture rate	30%	-

During the six month period ended May 31, 2018 compensation expense of \$49,542 (2017: \$nil), using the graded method, were recognized for options granted and vested during the period.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Commitments - (cont'd)

Share-Based Compensation Plan – (cont'd)

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, the existing model may not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of its stock options.

#### **Share Purchase Warrants**

On November 9, 2017, the Company repriced 10,005,000 share purchase warrants from \$0.17 per share to \$0.13 per share. The Company also instituted an Early Exercise Period from November 9, 2017 to November 29, 2017. Each warrant holder that exercises their warrants during the Early Exercise Period will be issued a one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional share for a period of 12 months from the date of issuance at a price of \$0.17 per share. During the Early Exercise Period the Company issued 9,505,000 shares for total proceeds of \$1,235,650 and issued 4,752,500 warrants, exercisable at \$0.17 per share and expiring on November 29, 2018.

On December 5, 2017, 350,000 share purchase warrants were exercised for total proceeds of \$45,500. These warrants were deemed to have been exercised during the Early Exercise Period, and therefore, the Company issued 175,000 warrants, exercisable at \$0.17 per share, and expiring on November 29, 2018.

A summary of the status of share purchase warrants as of May 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 and changes during the periods then ended on those dates is presented below:

	May 31, 2018		November	30, 2017
	Weighted			Weighted
	Average			Average
	Exercise			Exercise
	Shares	Price	Shares	Price
Balance, beginning of the period	8,330,277	\$0.19	13,082,777	\$0.19
Issued	175,000	\$0.17	4,752,500	\$0.17
Exercised	(350,000)	\$0.13	(9,505,000)	\$0.13
Expired	(450,000)	\$0.16	-	
Balance, end of the period	7,705,277	\$0.19	8,330,277	\$0.19

### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Commitments - (cont'd)

Share Purchase Warrants - (cont'd)

At May 31, 2018, the Company has 7,705,277 share purchase warrants outstanding as follows:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
2,777,777	\$0.25	August 8, 2018
4,927,500	\$0.17	November 29, 2018
7 705 277		
7,705,277		

#### Note 8 Related Party Transactions

The Company incurred the following charges with directors and officers of the Company and companies controlled by the directors:

	Three me	onths ended	Six months ended			
	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		
Wages and benefits	<u>\$ 14,696</u>	<u>\$ 14,594</u>	\$ 28,938	\$ 30,204		
Key management compensation						
Administration fees	21,000	21,000	42,000	42,000		
Consulting fees – Resource						
property cost	15,444	17,924	39,922	72,870		
Consulting fees – operating						
expenses	30,000	18,000	56,500	35,000		
Rent	13,237	13,237	26,474	26,474		
	79,681	70,161	164,896	176,344		
	<u>\$ 94,377</u>	<u>\$ 84,755</u>	<u>\$ 193,834</u>	<u>\$ 206,548</u>		

These charges were measured by the exchange amount that is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties and are on terms and conditions similar to non-related entities.

Included in May 31, 2018 prepaid expenses is an advance rent reimbursement of \$4,412 (November 30, 2017: \$9,822) to a company with a common director.

Due to related parties, representing amounts due to companies controlled by the directors and officers of the Company for unpaid fees and reimbursement of expenses are non-interest bearing, unsecured and are due on demand.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 9 <u>Capital Management</u>

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended May 31, 2018. Neither the Company nor its subsidiary are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### Note 10 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability. The Company's common shares are classified as equity instruments.

Subsequent measurement and changes in fair value will depend on their initial classification, as follows: FVTPL financial assets are measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in income; available-for-sale financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognized or impaired at which time the amounts would be recorded in income.

The Company classifies and measures its financial instruments as follows:

- Cash, interest receivable, and reclamation bonds are classified as loans and receivables. The fair value of cash approximates its carrying value due to its short term nature.
- Marketable securities are classified as FVTPL.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and loan payable are classified as other financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception. Their fair values approximate their carrying values due to their short term nature.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 10 Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash by placing it with institutions of high credit worthiness. As at May 31, 2018 the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis and its planned capital expenditures. At May 31, 2018, the Company had cash of \$168,054 (November 30, 2017 - \$1,113,645) and current liabilities of \$134,720 (November 30, 2017 - \$123,653). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in short-term deposits with its banking institutions. The Company monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of the banks with which they are held.

#### (d) Price risk

The ability of the Company to finance the exploration and development of its properties and the future profitability of the Company is directly related to the commodity prices of industrial minerals (Lithium, Boron and Potassium), and precious and base metals. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. Sensitivity to price risk relative to earnings is remote since the Company has not established any reserves or production. The Company is also exposed to the risk of equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company monitors commodity prices of industrial minerals, precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market in general to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken.

#### (e) Sensitivity Analysis

The Company has designated its cash, interest receivable and reclamation bonds as loans and receivables, and measures them at their amortized costs. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and loan payable are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at their amortized costs.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

#### Note 10 Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following is "reasonably possible" during the upcoming financial year:

Commodity price risk could adversely affect the Company. In particular, the Company's future profitability and viability of development depends upon the world market price of precious metals. Precious metal prices have fluctuated significantly in recent years. There is no assurance that, even as commercial quantities of industrial minerals and precious metals may be produced in the future, a profitable market will exist for them. As of May 31, 2018, the Company was not an industrial mineral or precious metal producer. As a result, commodity price risk largely affects the completion of future equity transactions such as equity offerings and the exercise of stock options and warrants. This may also affect the Company's liquidity and its ability to meet its ongoing obligations.

#### (f) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's operations are carried out in Canada and the United States. As at May 31, 2018, the Company had accounts payable of \$10,112 (November 30, 2017: \$26,810) denominated in US dollars. These factors expose the Company to foreign currency exchange rate risk, which could have an adverse effect on the profitability of the Company. The Company currently does not plan to enter into foreign currency future contracts to mitigate this risk.

#### Note 11 Non-Cash Transactions

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current and future cash flows are excluded from the statements of cash flows. At May 31, 2018, the Company had \$13,107 (November 30, 2017: \$32,431) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities related to mineral property costs. These transactions were excluded from the statements of cash flows.

#### Note 12 <u>Segmented Information</u>

The Company operates in one business segment, mineral exploration. As at February 28, 2018, its mineral properties and head office are located in two geographic locations: Canada and the United States.

The Company's net loss is allocated to the geographic segments as follows:

	Three mo	onths ended			Six months ended		
	May 31,		May 31,		May 31,		May 31,
	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Net losses (income)							
Canada	\$ 345,048	\$	274,535	\$	691,130	\$	509,510
United States	 (2,865)		8,758		(9,262)		2,297
	\$ 342,183	\$	283,293	\$	681,868	\$	511,807

### (Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

### Note 12 <u>Segmented Information</u> – (cont'd)

The Company's total assets are allocated to the geographic segments as follows:

Total Assets	May 31, 2018	November 30, <u>2017</u>
Canada Argentina United States	\$  386,132 1,432,702 2,925,813 4,744,647	\$ 1,547,984 1,432,702 2,314,900 \$ 5,295,586