

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nine months ended August 31, 2018

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended August 31, 2018 and 2017.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

August 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

		August 31, 2018	N	ovember 30, <u>2017</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current Cash	\$	5,790	\$	1,113,645
Marketable securities		79,345		371,521
Receivables		8,167		12,377
Prepaid expenses		19,274		37,585
Reclamation bonds		370,518		25,918
		483,094		1,561,046
Equipment		4,433		12,856
Investment in Argentina associate – Note 5		1,432,702		1,432,702
Resource property costs – Note 6, and Schedule		3,530,664		2,288,982
	\$	5,450,893	\$	5,295,586
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	910,271	\$	123,653
Loans payable		115,338		<u>-</u>
		1,025,609		123,653
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital – Note 7		28,182,145	2	27,876,890
Contributed surplus – Note 7		2,982,660		3,030,553
Accumulated deficit	_(26,739,521)	_(2	25,735,510)
		4,425,284		5,171,933
	\$	5,450,893	\$	5,295,586

"Brian Findlay"	"Catherine Hickson"

Director Director

Approved on behalf of the Board:

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the three and nine months ended August 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended August 31,				Nine months ended August 31,			
		2018	50 5	<u>2017</u>		2018	.50	<u>2017</u>
Expenses								
Accounting and audit fees	\$	19,372	\$	9,533	\$	33,072	\$	36,763
Administration fees – Note 8		21,000		21,000		63,000		63,000
Bank charges and interest		266		317		1,109		1,385
Consulting fees – Note 8		32,750		42,600		103,281		77,600
Depreciation		2,808		2,577		8,423		7,727
Foreign exchange (recovery)		32,003		(3,526)		35,831		3,181
Legal fees		39,296		3,803		59,875		135,519
Listing, filing and transfer agent fees		5,579		2,596		34,504		21,673
Marketing		13,733		16,896		77,929		86,564
Office administration and general		10,865		9,524		35,344		34,264
Rent – Note 7		13,396		13,236		39,870		39,710
Share-based compensation – Notes 7 and 8		-		-		49,542		-
Travel, conferences and promotion		18,849		9,070		83,079		43,529
Wages and benefits – Note 8	_	34,166	_	33,869		108,421	_	96,953
Loss before other item		(244,083)		(161,495)		(733,280)		(647,868)
Other item:								
Interest income		-		-		-		912
Write-off resource property costs		(1)		-		(1)		-
Gain on disposal of marketable securities		1,040		-		1,040		-
Unrealized (loss)/gain on marketable securities		(79,099)		(48,135)		(271,770)		(74,481)
		(78,060)		(48,135)		(270,731)		(73,569)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	<u>\$</u>	(322,143)	\$	(209,630)	\$	(1,004,011)	<u>\$</u>	(721,437)
Basic and diluted loss per share	<u>\$</u>	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	_1	51,464,530	_1	38,200,551	_1:	50,242,282	_1	36,578,875

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the three and nine months ended August 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Common Stock								
	Issued Shares (Note 7)		Amount	(Contributed Surplus	A	Accumulated <u>Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, November 30, 2016	135,085,508	\$	26,138,442	\$	3,230,911	\$	(24,903,522)	\$ 4,465,831
Shares issued for cash: On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.05 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.06 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.07 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.10 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.14 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 Allocation of options exercised	1,700,000 700,000 100,000 250,000 252,000 138,000		85,000 42,000 7,000 25,000 35,280 22,080 144,805		- - - - - (144,805)		- - - - -	85,000 42,000 7,000 25,000 35,280 22,080
Net loss for the period	-		144,803		(144,803)		(721,437)	(721,437)
Balance, August 31, 2017	138,225,508		26,499,607		3,086,106		(25,624,959)	 3,960,754
Shares issued for cash: On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.05 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.10 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.14 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 On exercise of share purchase warrants - \$0.13 Allocation of options exercised Net loss for the period	800,000 225,000 125,000 79,000 9,505,000		40,000 22,500 17,500 12,640 1,235,650 55,553		(55,553)		- - - - - (110,551)	40,000 22,500 17,500 12,640 1,235,650 (110,551)
Balance, November 30, 2017	148,918,508		27,876,890		3,030,553		(25,735,510)	5,171,933
On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.05 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.06 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.07 On exercise of share purchase options - \$0.16 On exercise of share purchase warrants - \$0.13 Allocation of options exercised Fair market value of stock based compensation Net loss for the period	2,750,000 150,000 50,000 77,000 350,000		137,500 9,000 3,500 12,320 45,500 97,435		(97,435) 49,542		- (1,004,011)	137,500 9,000 3,500 12,320 45,500 - 49,542 (1,004,011)
Balance, August 31, 2018	152,295,508	\$	28,182,145	\$	2,982,660	\$	(26,739,521)	\$ 4,425,284

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

DAJIN RESOURCES CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended August 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating Activities		
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (1,004,011)	\$ (721,437)
Add items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	8,423	7,727
Share based compensation	49,542	-
Unrealized gain on foreign exchange	29,280	(3,031)
Unrealized loss (gain) on marketable securities	271,770	74,481
Gain on disposal of marketable securities	(1,040)	-
Write-off resource property costs	1	-
Net change in non-cash working capital:		
GST receivable	4,210	5,693
Prepaid expenses	18,311	(11,766)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	144,806	(2,239)
Amount due from (to) related parties	(17,974)	20,922
	(496,682)	(629,650)
Financing Activity		
Proceeds from loans payable	115,338	_
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	207,820	216,360
	323,158	216,360
Investing Activities		
Purchase of marketable securities		(352,086)
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities	21,447	(332,080)
Resource property additions, net	(610,325)	(618,864)
Reclamation bonds	(345,453)	20,000
Recallation bonds	(934,331)	(950,950)
	(30.1,001)	(>00,500)
Decrease in cash during the period	(1,107,855)	(1,364,240)
Cash, beginning of the period	1,113,645	1,400,647
Cash, end of the period	\$ 5,790	\$ 36,407

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF RESOURCE PROPERTY COSTS For the nine months ended August 31, 2018 and for the year ended November 30, 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

<u>Cowtrail</u>	<u>Nevada</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ - -	\$ 388,073 32,226 420,299	\$ 388,073 32,226 420,299
<u> </u>	106,748 527,047	106,748 527,047
1	1,322,094	1,322,095
- - - - - - - 1	6,695 (155) 323,021 18,212 159,573 25,633 16 13,217 376 1,868,682	6,695 (155) 323,021 18,212 159,573 25,633 16 13,217 376 1,868,683
- - - - (1)	40,283 216,506 11,043 154 865,438 1,511	40,283 216,506 11,043 154 865,438 1,511 (1)
\$ -	\$ 3,003,617	\$ 3,003,617
\$ <u>1</u>	\$ 2,288,981 \$ 3,530,664	\$ 2,288,982 \$ 3,530,664
	\$	\$ - \$ 388,073 - 32,226 - 420,299 - 106,748 - 527,047 1 1,322,094 - 6,695 - (155) - 323,021 - 18,212 - 159,573 - 25,633 - 16 - 13,217 - 376 1 1,868,682 - 40,283 - 1,868,682 - 40,283 - 1,868,682 - \$ 3,003,617 \$ - \$ 3,003,617

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 1 Nature of Operations

Dajin Resources Corp. (the "Company") is an exploration stage company incorporated under the British Columbia Company Act on August 5, 1987 and is publically traded on the TSX Venture Exchange.

The Company's principal business activities include acquiring and developing mineral properties. At August 31, 2018, the Company's principal mineral interests are located in Argentina and the United States and it has not yet been determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for resource property costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of the resource properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 450 - 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2.

Note 2 <u>Basis of Preparation</u>

Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required to be included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on October 30, 2018.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 2 <u>Basis of Preparation</u> – (cont'd)

Going Concern

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company was not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. As at August 31, 2018, the Company had not advanced its resource properties to commercial production and has not achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$26,739,521 since inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon successful results from its exploration and evaluation activities, its ability to attain profitable operations to generate funds and/or its ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet its current and future obligations. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

Basis of Measurement

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods. See note 4 for use of estimates and judgments made by management in the application of IFRS.

Note 3 <u>Significant Accounting Policies</u>

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

The Company's significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3 to the annual financial statements and these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2017.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 3 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Accounting standards issued but not yet applied

The following new standards and interpretations are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impacts of these new standards; however, the Company does not expect them to have a significant effect on the financial statements.

• IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (tentatively effective January 1, 2018) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, and will replace IAS 39. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple classification options available in IAS 39.

Note 4 <u>Use of Estimates and Judgments</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Information about critical judgments and estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

i) Resource property expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for resource property expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the statement of comprehensive loss in the period the new information becomes available.

ii) Impairment

At each reporting period, assets, specifically resource property costs are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts. The assessment of the carrying amount often requires estimates and assumptions such as discount rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, future capital requirements and future operating performance.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 4 Use of Estimates and Judgments – (cont'd)

iii) Going concern

The Company uses judgment in determining its ability to continue as a going concern in order to discharge its current liabilities via raising additional financing.

iv) Investment in Argentina associate

The accounting for investments in other companies can vary depending on the degree of control and influence over those other companies. Management is required to asses at each reporting date the Company's control and influence over these other companies. Management has used its judgment to determine which companies are controlled and require consolidation and those which are significantly influenced and require equity accounting. The Company has diluted its interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary Dajin Resources S.A. and has concluded that because it does not have the current ability to control the key operating activities of Dajin Resources S.A.; therefore, it does not have control and should account for it as an equity investment (Note 5).

v) Share-based compensation transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 7.

Note 5 <u>Investment in Argentina Associate</u>

On October 25, 2016, the Company completed a share purchase agreement with Lithium S Holdings Corporation ("Lithium S"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of LSC Lithium Corporation ("LSC"), whereby Lithium S acquired, and can maintain, a 51% interest in Dajin Resources S.A. by making a cash payment of \$1,000,000 (\$865,000 received by the Company net of applicable Argentine tax of 13.5% on the gross proceeds) and agreeing to expend a total of \$2,000,000 on concessions held by Dajin Resources S.A. by the earlier of; (a) the date of delivery of the funding completion certificate; (b) forty-eight months following the date of the agreement; or (c) twenty-four months after Dajin Resources S.A. has obtained all the necessary permits allowing access and development of onsite activities in order to start exploration work in one or more of the relevant mining rights which covers over 2,000 adjacent hectares.

If Lithium S fails to incur the expenditure requirement by the expiry date Lithium S shall have the option at any time and not later than the expiry date, to pay any shortfall in cash to the Company. If Lithium S fails to complete the full expenditure requirement by the expiry date, the capital stock of Dajin Resources S.A. will be adjusted in such a manner that for each funding shortfall of \$58,824, the Company is re-conveyed with and recovers 1% of the capital stock of Dajin Resources S.A. Lithium S was appointed Operator for the earn-in period.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 5 <u>Investment in Argentina Associate</u> – (cont'd)

The costs applicable to this investment are directly reflective of actual historical exploration and evaluation expenses incurred and previously reported by the Company in respect to the property interests controlled by Dajin Resources S.A. Accordingly, the Company applies the impairment factors applicable to such costs in its assessment of the investment's current carrying value.

As at August 31, 2018, and November 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the investment in Argentina associate was \$1,432,702.

Note 6 Resource Property Costs

(a) Cowtrail Property

The Company held a 65% joint venture interest in the Cowtrail Mineral Property, consisting of 34 mineral claims located in the Cariboo Mining District of south central British Columbia. On March 20, 2018, the Company assigned this interest to it's joint venture partner. The Company will share 50% of any third party option payments received from these claims to an amount not exceeding total payments to the Company of \$100,000, until March 20, 2021.

(b) Nevada Properties

The Company acquired by staking a 100% interest in 403 placer claims covering an area of 3,202 hectares (7,914 acres) in the Teels Marsh valley of Mineral County, Nevada.

The Company acquired by staking a 100% interest in 145 placer claims covering an area of 1,182 hectares (2,921 acres) in the Alkali Spring valley of Esmeralda County, Nevada.

Subsequent to August 31, 2018, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement with Cypress Development Corp. ("Cypress") for the exploration and development of the Company's Alkali Spring valley Lithium property. The property is located 12 kilometers (7.5 miles) northeast of Cypress' Clayton Valley Lithium project in Nevada.

Under the terms of the Letter Agreement, Cypress has the exclusive right and option to acquire a 50% undivided interest in the Company's unpatented mining claims and application for water rights in Alkali Spring valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada. Cypress will complete a due diligence review and prepare a Definitive Agreement for the transaction. Upon completion of the Definitive Agreement and TSX Venture Exchange acceptance, Cypress will allot to the Company 150,000 common shares of Cypress and pay the Company USD\$50,000. Cypress will have a two-year period to complete its earn-in by issuing an additional 150,000 common shares of Cypress and performing USD\$200,000 in exploration expenditures within the first year, and USD\$250,000 in exploration expenditures during the second year. Upon successful completion of the two year earn-in period a joint venture (JV) will be created.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 6 Resource Property Costs – (cont'd)

(b) Nevada Properties – (cont'd)

At Alkali Spring valley, the Company holds 145 unpatented placer mining claims to explore for Lithium brines and has applied to the State of Nevada for 1,000 acre-feet of water rights. The Company and Cypress will work jointly explore the property for Lithium brines and Lithium-bearing sediments, and will work to perfect the associated water rights applications. Cypress and the Company will share proportionally in property development if Lithium brine resources are discovered. Should the Company elect not to participate following Cypress' earn-in period, the Company shall have the option to dilute to a 10% net profits interest on the value of the JV's property in Alkali Spring valley.

The Company's interest in these placer claims is held in their wholly-owned US subsidiary, Dajin Resources (US) Corp.

During the nine months ended August 31, 2018, the Company was refunded \$16,783 (USD\$13,194) of reclamation bonds relating to other Nevada properties and has purchased a new reclamation bond for the Teels Marsh project in the amount of \$370,518 (USD\$288,341).

Note 7 Share Capital

Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value Unlimited preferred shares without par value

Nature and Purpose of Equity and Reserves:

The reserves recorded in equity on the Company's Statement of Financial Position include 'Contributed Surplus', and 'Accumulated Deficit'.

'Contributed Surplus' is used to recognize the value of stock option grants prior to exercise.

'Accumulated Deficit' is used to record the Company's change in deficit from earnings from year to year.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 <u>Share Capital</u> – (cont'd)

Commitments:

Share-Based Compensation Plan

The Company has granted employees and directors common share purchase options. These options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock on the date of the grant.

A summary of the status of the stock option plan as of August 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 and changes during the period then ended on those dates is presented below:

	August 31, 2018		November	30, 2017
		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average
		Exercise		Exercise
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Price</u>
Outstanding at beginning of period	8,669,000	\$0.12	15,602,000	\$0.11
Expired	-		(2,605,000)	\$0.15
Granted	950,000	\$0.16	-	-
Exercised	(3,027,000)	\$0.05	(4,328,000)	\$0.07
Options outstanding at end of				
the period	6,592,000	\$0.15	8,669,000	\$0.12
Weighted remaining life in years		<u>2.73</u>		<u>2.96</u>

At August 31, 2018, the Company has 6,592,000 share purchase options outstanding entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each option held as follows:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
50,000	\$0.05	January 2, 2020
100,000	\$0.06	April 1, 2020
50,000	\$0.07	August 25, 2020
2,125,000	\$0.14	April 4, 2021
950,000	\$0.16	December 15, 2020
1,667,000	\$0.16	July 15, 2021
 1,650,000	\$0.16	Oct 20, 2021
6,592,000		

On December 5, 2017, the Company granted 950,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.16 per share expiring on December 15, 2020. These stock options vest at the date of grant.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Commitments - (cont'd)

Share-Based Compensation Plan – (cont'd)

Subsequent to August 31, 2018:

- the Company granted 1,900,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.10 per share expiring on September 4, 2021. These stock options vest at the date of grant.
- the Company granted 400,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.10 per share expiring on October 4, 2021. These stock options vest at the date of grant.
- the Company granted 2,900,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.10 per share expiring on October 4, 2023. These stock options vest at the date of grant.
- The Company cancelled 750,000 share purchase options exercisable at \$0.14 per share.

The Company employed the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following assumptions.

	August 31,	November 30,
	2018	2017
Risk free interest rate	1.71%	-
Expected life of options in years	3 years	-
Expected volatility	77.87%	-
Dividend per share	\$0.00	-
Forfeiture rate	30%	-

During the nine month period ended August 31, 2018 compensation expense of \$49,542 (2017: \$nil), using the graded method, were recognized for options granted and vested during the period.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, the existing model may not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of its stock options.

Share Purchase Warrants

On November 9, 2017, the Company repriced 10,005,000 share purchase warrants from \$0.17 per share to \$0.13 per share. The Company also instituted an Early Exercise Period from November 9, 2017 to November 29, 2017. Each warrant holder that exercises their warrants during the Early Exercise Period will be issued a one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional share for a period of 12 months from the date of issuance at a price of \$0.17 per share. During the Early Exercise Period the Company issued 9,505,000 shares for total proceeds of \$1,235,650 and issued 4,752,500 warrants, exercisable at \$0.17 per share and expiring on November 29, 2018.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 7 <u>Share Capital</u> – (cont'd)

Commitments - (cont'd)

Share Purchase Warrants - (cont'd)

On December 5, 2017, 350,000 share purchase warrants were exercised for total proceeds of \$45,500. These warrants were deemed to have been exercised during the Early Exercise Period, and therefore, the Company issued 175,000 warrants, exercisable at \$0.17 per share, and expiring on November 29, 2018.

A summary of the status of share purchase warrants as of August 31, 2018 and November 30, 2017 and changes during the periods then ended on those dates is presented below:

August 31, 2018		November	30, 2017
	Weighted		Weighted
	Average		Average
	Exercise		Exercise
Shares	Price	Shares	Price
8,330,277	\$0.19	13,082,777	\$0.19
175,000	\$0.17	4,752,500	\$0.17
(350,000)	\$0.13	(9,505,000)	\$0.13
(3,227,777)	\$0.24	-	
4,927,500	\$0.17	8,330,277	\$0.19
	Shares 8,330,277 175,000 (350,000) (3,227,777)	Weighted Average Exercise Price 8,330,277 \$0.19 175,000 \$0.17 (350,000) \$0.13 (3,227,777) \$0.24	Weighted Average Exercise Shares 8,330,277 \$0.19 13,082,777 175,000 \$0.17 4,752,500 (350,000) \$0.13 (9,505,000) (3,227,777) \$0.24 -

At August 31, 2018, the Company has 4,927,500 share purchase warrants outstanding as follows:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
<u>4,927,500</u>	\$0.17	November 29, 2018

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 8 Related Party Transactions

The Company incurred the following charges, which have been paid or accrued, with directors and officers of the Company and companies controlled by the directors:

	Three me	onths ended	Nine months ended		
	August 31,	August 31,	August 31,	August 31,	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Wages and benefits	\$ 14,469	<u>\$ 14,594</u>	\$ 43,407	\$ 44,798	
Key management compensation					
Administration fees	21,000	21,000	63,000	63,000	
Consulting fees – Resource					
property cost	-	26,083	40,294	98,953	
Consulting fees – operating					
expenses	30,000	30,000	86,500	65,000	
Rent	13,396	13,236	39,870	39,710	
	64,396	90,319	229,664	266,663	
	<u>\$ 78,865</u>	<u>\$ 104,913</u>	<u>\$ 273,071</u>	<u>\$ 311,461</u>	

These charges were measured by the exchange amount that is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties and are on terms and conditions similar to non-related entities.

Included in August 31, 2018 prepaid expenses is an advance rent reimbursement of \$4,571 (November 30, 2017: \$9,822) to a company with a common director.

Included in August 31, 2018 accounts payable is \$135,137 (November 30, 2017: \$9,822) due to a director and companies with common directors.

Due to related parties, representing amounts due to companies controlled by the directors and officers of the Company for unpaid fees and reimbursement of expenses are non-interest bearing, unsecured and are due on demand.

Note 9 <u>Capital Management</u>

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 9 Capital Management – (cont'd)

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended August 31, 2018. Neither the Company nor its subsidiary are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Note 10 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability. The Company's common shares are classified as equity instruments.

Subsequent measurement and changes in fair value will depend on their initial classification, as follows: FVTPL financial assets are measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in income; available-for-sale financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognized or impaired at which time the amounts would be recorded in income.

The Company classifies and measures its financial instruments as follows:

- Cash, interest receivable, and reclamation bonds are classified as loans and receivables. The fair value of cash approximates its carrying value due to its short term nature.
- Marketable securities are classified as FVTPL.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and loan payable are classified as other financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception. Their fair values approximate their carrying values due to their short term nature.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash by placing it with institutions of high credit worthiness. As at August 31, 2018 the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 10 <u>Financial Instruments</u> – (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis and its planned capital expenditures. At August 31, 2018, the Company had cash of \$5,790 (November 30, 2017 - \$1,113,645) and current liabilities of \$1,025,608 (November 30, 2017 - \$123,653). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in short-term deposits with its banking institutions. The Company monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of the banks with which they are held.

(d) Price risk

The ability of the Company to finance the exploration and development of its properties and the future profitability of the Company is directly related to the commodity prices of industrial minerals (Lithium, Boron and Potassium), and precious and base metals. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. Sensitivity to price risk relative to earnings is remote since the Company has not established any reserves or production. The Company is also exposed to the risk of equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company monitors commodity prices of industrial minerals, precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market in general to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken.

(e) Sensitivity Analysis

The Company has designated its cash, interest receivable and reclamation bonds as loans and receivables, and measures them at their amortized costs. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties and loan payable are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at their amortized costs.

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 10 Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following is "reasonably possible" during the upcoming financial year:

Commodity price risk could adversely affect the Company. In particular, the Company's future profitability and viability of development depends upon the world market price of precious metals. Precious metal prices have fluctuated significantly in recent years. There is no assurance that, even as commercial quantities of industrial minerals and precious metals may be produced in the future, a profitable market will exist for them. As of August 31, 2018, the Company was not an industrial mineral or precious metal producer. As a result, commodity price risk largely affects the completion of future equity transactions such as equity offerings and the exercise of stock options and warrants. This may also affect the Company's liquidity and its ability to meet its ongoing obligations.

(f) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's operations are carried out in Canada and the United States. As at August 31, 2018, the Company had accounts payable of \$507,563 (November 30, 2017: \$26,810) denominated in US dollars. These factors expose the Company to foreign currency exchange rate risk, which could have an adverse effect on the profitability of the Company. The Company currently does not plan to enter into foreign currency future contracts to mitigate this risk.

Note 11 Non-Cash Transactions

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current and future cash flows are excluded from the statements of cash flows. At August 31, 2018, the Company had \$663,283 (November 30, 2017: \$32,431) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities related to mineral property costs. These transactions were excluded from the statements of cash flows.

Note 12 <u>Segmented Information</u>

The Company operates in one business segment, mineral exploration. As at August 31, 2018, its mineral properties and head office are located in two geographic locations: Canada and the United States.

The Company's net loss is allocated to the geographic segments as follows:

		Three months ended			Nine months ended			
	A	August 31, 2018	A	August 31, 2017		August 31, 2018	A	August 31, 2017
Net losses (income)								
Canada United States	\$	283,600 38,543	\$	209,630	\$	974,730 29,281	\$	721,437
	\$	322,143	\$	209,630	\$	1,004,011	\$	721,437

(Stated in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Note 12 <u>Segmented Information</u> – (cont'd)

The Company's total assets are allocated to the geographic segments as follows:

Total Assets	August 31, 2018	November 30, <u>2017</u>
Canada Argentina United States	\$ 117,009 1,432,702 3,901,182 \$ 5,450,893	\$ 1,547,984 1,432,702 2,314,900 \$ 5,295,586